### The **CON** message for parents

- Help parents understand that crying is normal... all parents can feel like this.
- Explain that crying is a normal part of development.
- Reassure parents that babies are not doing this on purpose.
- Support parents in coping with their own emotions and stress (Coping with Crying Plan).
- Never to shake a baby
- Teach parents soothing and safe sleep techniques.
- Inform parents/carers about sharing the ICON leaflet with anyone who cares for your baby.

#### Are some babies more at risk than others?

#### Research shows that the most at risk babies are:

- Male babies
- Babies under 6 months old
- Babies born pre-term or at low birth weight
- Babies who have more contact with health services



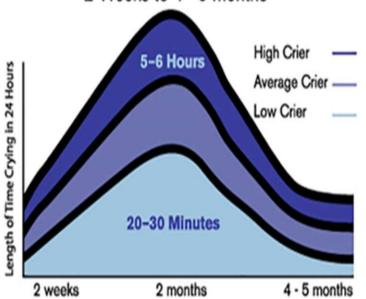


# stated (n×591) Cryme stated as reason for shaking (n=166) 13.16 17.20 21.22 22.23 23.36 37.40 45.48

#### Baby's Age in Weeks

#### **Normal Crying Curve**

#### Curves of Early Infant Crying 2 Weeks to 4 - 5 Months





Working Together

West Sussex CCG ◆ Brighton and Hove CCG ◆ East Sussex CCG

# Abusive Head Trauma (AHT)

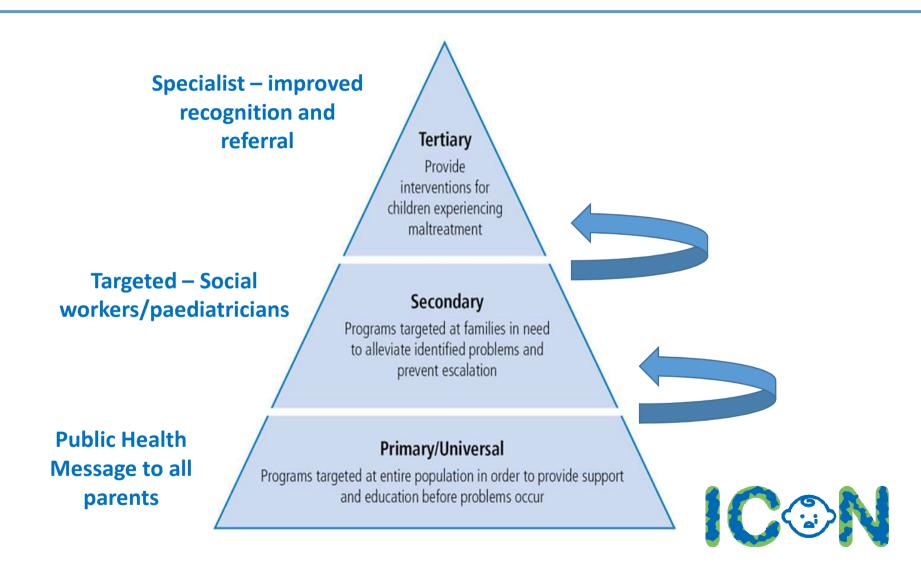
- Babies disproportionately represented in Serious Case Reviews
- AHT cases 25 per 100,000 UK children
- Mostly under 1 years of age
- Estimated > 75% of infants & children with AHT present to the emergency room for secondary prevention (Bennett et al., 2011; Nuno et al., 2015)

- AHT is abuse and is preventable
- Crying is a known trigger
- 70% of babies who are shaken, are shaken by men
- Our target is to reduce the incidence of AHT and other injuries to infants triggered by crying.
- Significant morbidity and mortality

#### Fathers & Male carers

- Serious Case Reviews identified fathers/male carers not included in agency work/safeguarding
- Mothers are often seen alone for antenatal appointments (exception of some scans).
- Attendance at health appointments less likely than mothers
- Mothers can be encouraged to pass on ICON info & have conversations with partner.
- Professionals encouraged to make direct contact with fathers
- Discussion on how family members are coping with new baby.... Relationship issues, work-family tensions (COVID-19)

#### **ICON Journey- Prevention**



# Additional Intervention points

(Not exhaustive - All partners have a part to play including adult services)

#### **Secondary (Targeted)**

- Early Help
- Probation
- Early Years
- Paediatricians
- Housing/ Community safety
- Mental Health Services
- Police (Domestic Violence & Abuse))
- Family Support
- Primary care
- Hospitals

#### **Tertiary (Specialist)**

- Social care pre birth work
- Family support
- Specialist
- Drug and alcohol services
- Foster Carer
- Mental Health Services
- Domestic Violence and Abuse (Police)
- Family Support
- Primary care
- Hospitals

☐ Children's Social Work managers informed about ICON both specifically and within the context of support for social workers with babies on their caseloads during COVID. ☐ Circulating ICON information to every Social Worker who books into the pre-birth drop in. ☐ ICON information now in Children's Social Work One Space recording/practice system. ☐ Fostering team - suggested all supervising social workers discuss, raise and distribute the ICON information to each of their carers, each time they place

a baby.

# Area updates: Cas Short – Partners in Change

#### Area Updates Continued..

#### Gill Hibbert, Educating Safeguarding Officer

- ☐ ICON materials to all 5-18yrs School settings
- ☐ Shared flyers and leaflets with school networks
- ☐ Schools to distribute amongst their communities



# Next steps...

- Embedding ICON message in practice across Sussex
- Evaluation of impact will commence using qualitative and quantitative outcome measures including uptake of the resources and feedback by both service users and providers (March 2021).
- Culture change to include & assess fathers